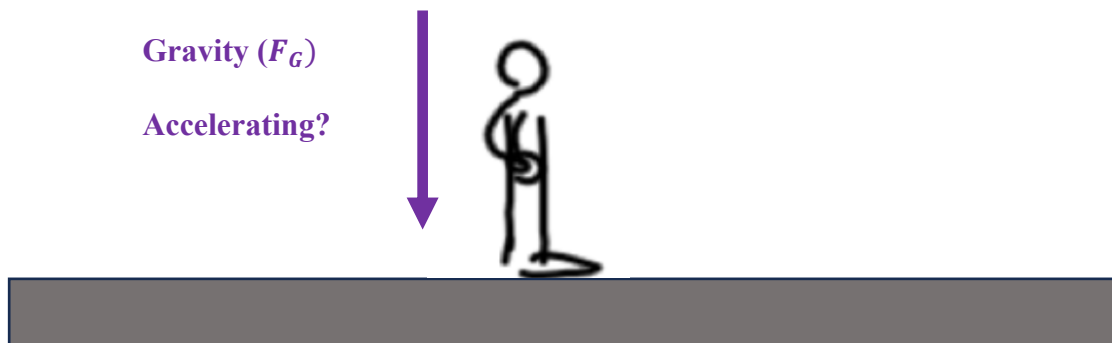


## Normal Force ( $F_N$ )

**We determine that a net force acting on an object will cause it to accelerate!**

**We also learned yesterday that ALL objects experience a force of gravity!**

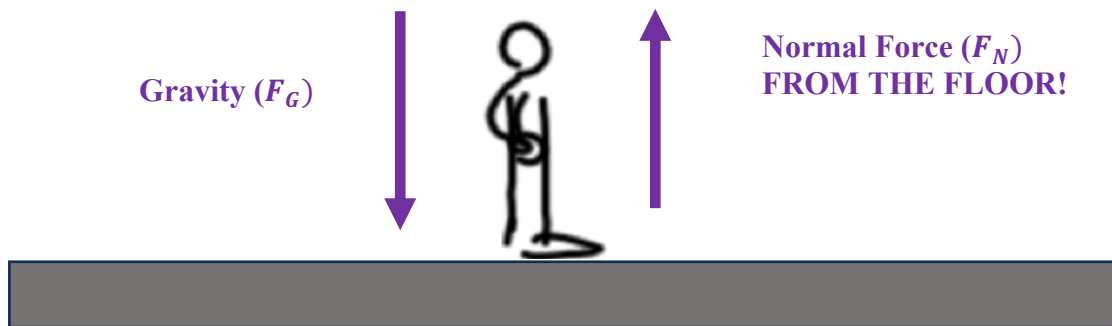
**So, by that logic, why don't we fall through the ground accelerating, because of gravity?**



## Normal Force ( $F_N$ )

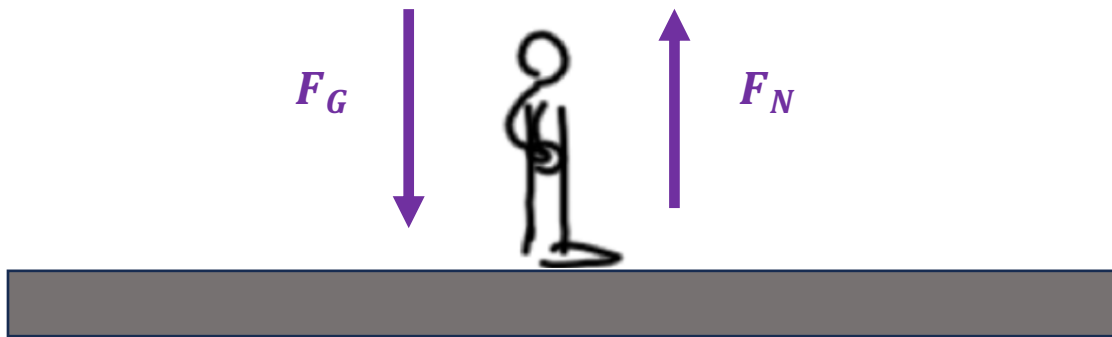
**Turns out there is force that is being exerts on us BY THE FLOOR, that points upwards when we're on a flat surface, that equals the force of gravity, causing us NOT to accelerate through the floor!**

**This is called the NORMAL FORCE!**



## Important detail!

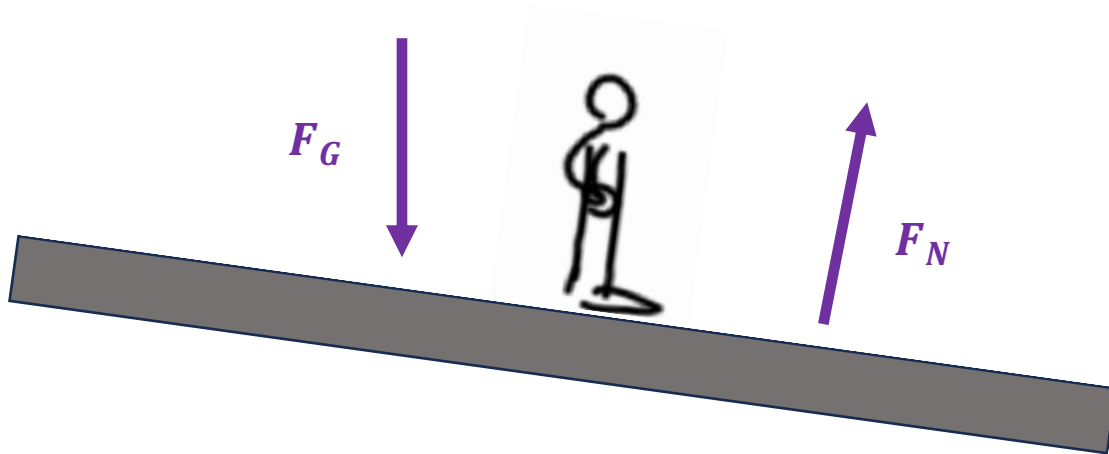
In this situation, Normal Force points upwards and equals the force of gravity, which causes this person NOT to accelerate down!



**HOWEVER, Normal force DOESN'T ALWAYS point upwards and the Normal Force DOESN'T ALWAYS equal the force of gravity!**

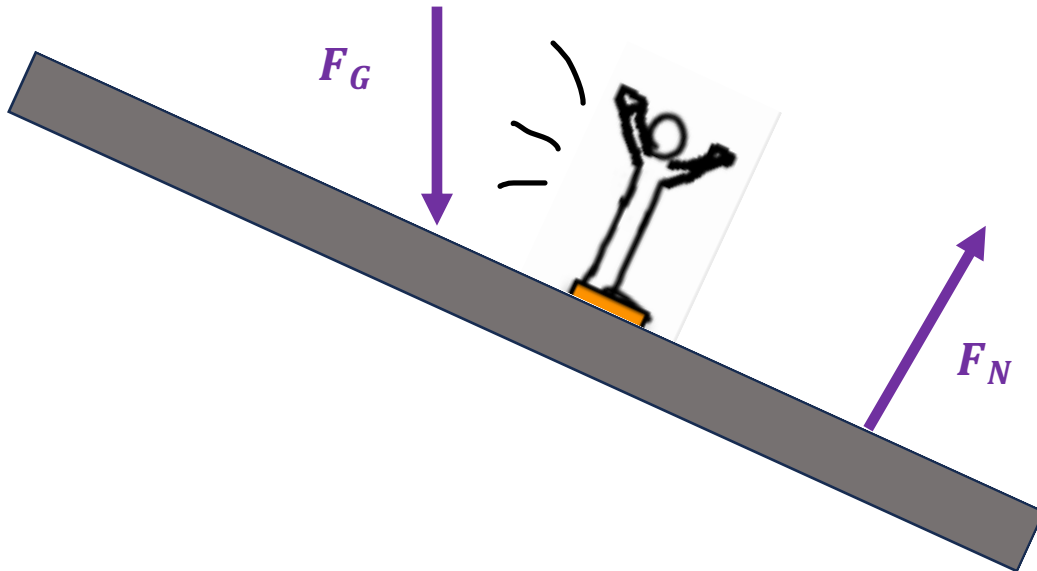
The Normal force points **PERPENDICULAR** to the surface that it's on!

What if this surface tilted a bit?



**Gravity still points down, but now the normal force points at a bit of an angle! NOT directly upwards!**

If it gets tilted a lot, the Normal Force will be at an even greater angle, and eventually, what happens to the person?



**Slides down the ramp! There IS a Net Force on this person because gravity, normal force, and friction (view 'Friction Notes') are NOT in alignment!**

